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AYURVEDIC TREATMENT MODALITIES OF SHEETPITTA, UDARDA AND KOTHA: A CLASSICAL REVIEW

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ABSTRACT

Sheetpitta, Udarda and Kotha mentioned in Madhava Nidana immediately after Kushtha roga these disease are also manifested in skin. Sheetpitta is diagnosed clinically based on symptoms like Varteedashtavat Shotha, Kandu, Toda being caused or aggravated by exposure to cold or even moist wind. Skin diseases are a major health problem in all age group and are associated with significant morbidity. Treatment failure rate is extremely high in the management of skin disease in primary care scope. Ayurveda has better treatment for the skin diseases as compared to other medical science.

KEYWORD: Sheetpitta, Udarda, Kotha, Dosha.

INTRODUCTION

Ayurveda an ancient medical tradition from India is the science of life. It provides an integrated approach in preventing and treating illness through lifestyle intervations and natural therapies. Ayurveda provide us detailed information about Sheetpitta, Udarda and Kotha disease and their management. The appearance of itching wheals over the body, having elevated centers surrounded by the patches of redness is identified as Sheetpitta. The wheals tend to disappear in a day or two and sometimes accompanied by fever, vomiting and burning sensation. Sheetpitta is caused by contact with very cold breeze, Kapha and Vata getting aggravated, along with *Pitta* it involves skin externally and internally blood and other tissue. Prodromal features of the disease include feeling of thirst, loss of appetite, oppression in the chest, debility, heaviness of the body and redness of the eyes are its symptoms. Prakriti of person, Dosha, Desha, Ritu and Agni are the main key factors for these diseases to appear.

Definition of *Udarda*

Elevated, reddish, highly irritating, round patches caused by *Kapha* during *Shishir Ritu*(winter) is known as *Udarda*. [1]

Samprapti Chakra:

Nidana and Samprapti (Causative Factor And Pathogenesis)

Samprapti is defined as the process involved in the pathogenesis of a disease by vitiated *Tri-doshas* which are constantly circulating in the body. Samprapti of Sheetpitta, Udarda and Kotha was described first time in Madhava Nidana. Vata and Kapha Dosha gets aggravated due to exposure of cold breeze along with Pitta Dosha spreads internally and externally and results into Sheetpitta, Udarda and Kotha. [2]

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Dosha-Dushya Sammurchhana

Lakshana Utpatti

Sheetpitta Udarda (Vata) (Kapha) (Vamanvega Vidharana)

Samprapti Ghataka: Dosha: Tri-dosha Dushya: Rasa, Rakta Agni: Mandagni

Srotas: Rasavaha, Raktavaha Srotodushti: Vimarga gamana Udbhava Sthana: Amashaya Swabhava: Ashukari Vyakta Sthana: Twaka

Purvarupa (Premonitory Symptoms)[3]

- Thirst (Pipasa)
- Anorexia (Aruchi)
- Nausea (Hrillasa)
- Debility (Deha-sada)
- Feeling of heaviness of the body (*Anga-gauravam*)
- Redness of the eyes (Rakta-lochanata)

Rupa (General Symptoms)

Elevated patches (rashes) resembling that produced by the sting of the wasp, associated with severe itching and pricking pain, vomiting, fever and feeling of burning sensation are the characteristic features of *Udarda*, known as shitapitta. In Shitapitta, Vata is predominant while in *Udarda*, *Kapha* is predominant. [4]

Incomplete emesis, suppression of the movement of Pitta, Kapha and Anna (food) lead on to the appearance of innumerable rashes, red in colour, highly itching and relapsing many times. This condition is known as Kotha.[5]

Chikitsa (Treatment)

Line of treatment of Sheetpitta, Udarda and Kotha are described in all Ayurveda Classics like Snehana, Swedana, Vamana, Virechana, Abhyanga, Parisheka, Lepa, Udvartana, Raktamokshana.

The patient suffering from Udarda should use the following therapies

- Massage with mustard oil
- Swedana with hot water
- Vamana therapy with the help of the decoction of Patola and Arishta

Kotha

- Virechana therapy with Triphala, Guggulu and
- Intake of Navkarshika Guggulu with Triphala mixed with Honey
- Intake of Amritadi Kwatha
- Intake of *Yavani* along with Jaggery
- Consuming the powder of Agnimantha mool and Ghrita during morning hours.
- Haridra Khanda and Ardraka Khanda
- Shitapitta Bhanjana Rasa, Vishveshwara Rasa and Sleshmapittantaka Rasa
- Sparshavataghni Vati^[6]
- Trikatu + Sita (Sugar)
- Guda + Amla
- Vyosha + Kshar + Yavani
- Adraka Rasa + Purana Guda
- Guda + Yavani
- Nimba Patra + Amla + Ghrita^[7]
- Siddharthaka Udvartana
- Durvadi Lepa, Agnimantha Pralepa, Nimbapatradi
- Udardahar Yoga (Amratadi Gana Decoction), Eladi $Gana^{[8]}$

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- Gambharika Faladi Yoga, Yashtyadi Yoga, Amratadi Yoga, Saguda Deepyaka Yoga, Yavanyadi Yoga, Agnimantha Yoga, Nimbapatra Yoga
- Kushthadi Churna, Saindhavadi Yoga, Siddharthakadi Yoga
- Krimi and Dadruhara Chikitsa^[9]

Pathya- Apathya

The patient suffering from *Sheetpitta*, *Udarda* and *Kotha* should take following type of diet e.g. Purana Shali, Mudga and Kulattha Yusha, Shigru Mool, Karvellam, Upodika, Vetagra, Dadima, Triphala, Madhu, Jangala Mamsarasa, Katu, Tikta, Kashaya Rasa Dravya, [10] Ushna Jala, and all *Pitta-Shleshmahara* products.^[11]

Ksheera and Ikshu Vikara, Matsya, Anupa Mamsa, Naveena Madya, Vamana Vegadharana, Divashayana, Vyavaya, Viruddhashana, Snana, Atapa, Snigdha, Amla and *Madhura Rasa* and *Guru* Anna is prohibited in the patient of *Sheetpitta*, *Udarda* and *Kotha*. [12]

DISSCUSSION

According to Madhava Nidana, prakupita Vata and Kapha due to Sheeta Maruta Samsaparshadi Nidana, along with Pitta spreads internally and externally and result in manifestation of Sheetpitta, Udarda and Kotha. Bahirvisarpana of this combination of vikruta Tri-dosha results in *Utsannamandala* along with raga and kandu. When one gets large patches on skin, pain similar to a piercing needle and looses touch sensation over the affected part, the physicians refer such condition as case of Sparshavata. Dosha- Dushya Sammurchhana leads to Dushti of Tri-Dosha mainly Bhrajakapitta leading to Agnimandya which can be considered as release of different mediators by hypersensitivity reactions resulting in different types of allergic skin disorders.

Acharya Madhavakara has described Shitapitta and Udarda synonyms of each other and recited that Shitapitta is having Vata dominancy and Udarda having Kapha dominancy. Sheetpitta, Udarda and Kotha are slightly different from each other in Ayurveda texts. Bhaishiya Ratnavali has described that patient suffering from *Kotha* should adopt line of treatment prescribed for Kushtha, Amlapitta and Udarda. Bhawaprakasha has described Shodhana and Shamana Chikitsa Chakradutta has mentioned Shaman Sheetapitta, Chikitsa of these diseases. Yogaratnakar has prescribed Krimighna and Dadrughna Chikitsa.

CONCLUSION

In modern medical system there is vast treatment of many allergic skin disorders but reoccurrence of disease is very common. Ayurveda has lot of capacity in the treatment aspect of allergic skin disorders by using of various Ayurvedic formulations and following Pathya Apathya.

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