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EFFECT OF TRIYUSHNADI ANJANA VARTI IN MANAGEMENT OF PISHTAK WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO PINGUECULA

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ABSTRACT

Pishtak is one of the *Shuklagata Netraroga* described by Ayurveda *Acharyas* in texts like *Sushruta Samhita, Ashtang Hridaya* etc. *Pishtak* can be compared to Pinguecula. Clinical feature of Pishtak is that it appears like a raised and circular dot on white coat of eye and complaining of dry eyes, itching, burning feeling or scratchy or Foreign Body sensation. The disease is more common in outdoor workers and people living in hot climates. In modern science there is no specific treatment. Only lubricating drops are given which gives temporary relief but recurrence occurs frequently. According to Ayurveda *Pishtak* is *aushadhisadhyavyadhi. Acharya Sushruta* described many *Anjana Kalpas* in *Uttartantra* for various eye diseases. *Triyushnadi Anjana Varti* described in *Shleshmabhisyanda Pratishedham Adhyay Uttartantra* of *Sushrut Samhita*. According to some *Acharyas* the treatment of *Pishtak* has been followed as the treatment of *kaphaja Abhisyanda*. The formulation of *Triyushnadi Anjana* are mostly *Katu Rasatmaka* and *Katu Rasatmaka* drugs play important role in *Lekhana karma*. So this *Triyushnadi Anjana Varti* acts as *Lekhana Anjana* on *Pishtak*. It expels the doshas from eye to make eye clean, light, free from discharge.

KEYWORDS: Pishtak, Triyushnadi Anjana, Pinguecula, Anjana.

INTRODUCTION

'Eyes are windows of soul'. Over eighty percent of our learning is mediated through our eyes, vision play an important role in our daily activities. According to *Acharya Charaka* if a person is endowed with all other sensory faculties, strength, beautiful appearance etc., but without eye sight, he will be as useless as an insect (*Kundya*).^[1]

In *Ayurveda Acharya Sushruta* has described 76 *Netrarogas* among that *Pishtak* is one of the *Shuklagat Netraroga*.^[2] Clinical feature of *Pishtak* is that it appears like a raised and circular dot on white coat of eye and complaining of dry eyes, itching, burning feeling or scratchy or Foreign Body sensation.^[3] *Pishtak* can be compared to Pinguecula which is yellow white deposit on the conjunctiva adjacent to the limbus (The junction between cornea and sclera). Pinguecula are noncancerous bumps on eyeball and typically occur on top of the middle part of sclera usually pingueculae affect the surface of sclera that's closer to the nose, but they can occur on the outer sclera (close to the ear) as well. Ultraviolet Radiation from the sun is the primary cause and frequent exposure to dust and wind also appear to be risk factors. Dry eye disease also may be a contributing factor and can promote the growth of Pingueculae.

Pinguecula is more commonly found in adults and older people who constantly expose to sunlight exposure to sun, dry heat, high wind and abundance of dust. Pinguecula seldom gives symptoms but its progression mav cause inflammation, intraepithelial abscess formation and may develop into pterygium which grows on to cornea and affects vision.^[4,5] In modern science there is no specific treatment. Only lubricating eye drops are given which temporary give relief but recurrence occurs frequently. A wide variety of Kalapas are described in Ayurveda to treat various eye diseases. Anjana is one of the Kriyakalpa described by our great ancient Acharyas. Acharya Sushruta described many Anjana Kalpas in Uttartantra for various eye diseases. Hence it is decided to do research on medical treatment of Pishtak based on references described in Ayurvedic Samhita.

The formulation *Triyushnadi Anjana* is selected for clinical study from *Sushruta Samhita* which contains drugs *Triphala Trikatu, Haridra and vidanga*.^[6]

Triyushnadi Anjana is used for *kaphaja Netraroga*. *Pishtak* is also *kaphaja Vyadhi*. Along with this the ingredients of above formulations are easily available and its mode of preparation as well as application is easy. Further due to low cost lower economic strata can easily afford it. Taking into all considerations I choose simple remedy for the treatment of *Pishtak*.

Prevalence

The prevalence of Pinguecula a South Indian population were 9.5% to 11.3%. Rural residences were associated with presence of Pinguecula.

CASE STUDY

Patient details: A 40 yr old male patient, Hindu by religion, working as farmer came to OPD of our hospital with complains of left eye.

Yellowish white prominence in white coat of eye (since one month).

Ocular discomfort- continuous sensation of foreign body with every blink (since last one month).

Redness-Localised to Pinguecula along with surrounding vessels (since last one month).

Patient was thoroughly examined and his detailed history was taken. Patient was farmer by occupation and did not have history of any major illness. Before coming to our hospital Patient has taken modern treatment i.e. eye drop containing Carboxymethyl cellulose for above complaints. He has got temporary relief but developed same complaints later. Therefore he came to our hospital for alternative treatment.

Local examination- revealed redness in left eye and yellowish white elevated region on bulbar conjunctiva. Systemic examination revealed no abnormality.

On examination: General condition - Fair, afebrile Dehbhar (weight) - 57 kg Dehprakriti- kapha Right eye- within Normal limit.

Left eye examination= Conjunctiva- congestion localised to pinguecula Pupil –round, reactive to light Cornea- clear Visual acuity– 6/6. As per Ayurvedic text the signs of *Pishtak* are: *Utsannah* (elevated) *Vruttabindushuklabhage* (round) Diagnosis: *Pishtak* (Pinguecula).

Assessment Criteria A) Subjective Criteria Ocular Discomfort

- No gritting sensation 0
- Mild gritting sensation 1
- Regular gritting sensation after exposure to wind 2
- Continuous F.B. sensation with every blink 3.

Redness

- No 0
- Mild (Congestion localized at Pinguecula) 1
- Moderate (Congestion of supplying vessels of Pinguecula) 2
- Severe (Congestion of surrounding conjunctiva) 3

B) Objective Criteria

The signs of Pinguecula like yellowish white elevated lesion can measured by Castroviejo Calliper as following;

Castroviejo calliper

- Grade (0) No raised lesion.
- Grade (1) Mild or moderate pinguecula (yellowish white or slightly elevated lesion with max.diameter of < 3 mm.)
- Grade (2) Severe pinguecula (Highly vascular and elevated lesion or large pinguecula with 3mm or more).

Investigations

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Blood Examination Urine Examination

- Hb% 11 gm% Albumin- Nil
 - TLC 7600/cumm Sugar- Nil
 - ESR- 18mm Micro- NAD
 - BSL-R 90 mg/dl.

Management and Observations

Considering this condition as *Pishtak* having vitiation of *kapha dosha* treated with- *Triyushnadi Anjana Varti*- It is *Lekhana Anjana* Fine powder of *Triphala,Trikatu, Haridra* and *Vidanga* equally mixed together and triturated along with water and desired size *Varti* is prepared and used for application on eyes as *Anjana. Varti* is prepared at *Rasashala* of my institute.

Time & duration –In morning for 14 days.

Application– In lower fornix with Glass rod. With application of *Triyushnadi Anjana Varti* patient has marked relief in symptoms of burning sensation ocular discomfort and redness.

Table 1: Assessment After Treatment.

Assessment criteria	Before Treatment	After Treatment
Ocular discomfort/ foreign body sensation	3	1
Redness	2	0
Castroviejo caliper	1	0



Image showing the result of Triyushnadi Anjana Before and After Treatment **BeforeTreatment**

AfterTreatment

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

As Pishtak is kaphaja Sadhya Vyadhi. Triyushnadi Anjana is Lekhan Anjana which contains Triphala; Trikatu, Haridra, vidanga. The drugs used in Triyushnadi Anjana are mostly Kaphavatashamak, Katu Rasatmak and having Chakshushya property.

The main treatment principle of Pishtak is Lekhana especially in the form of Anjana. The Dravya used for treating the disease Pishtak should have Lekhana, Kaphahara, Shothaghna, soothing properties. Triyushnadi Anjana containing the drugs which having good Lekhana Aniana property. This Lekhana Karma helps to decrease the size of *Pishtak*.

The drug Triphala and Maricha having Chakshushya property,^[7,9] and one of the content of *Triphala*, *Haritaki* is best Anuloman Dravya and destroys the Strotorodha formed by imbalanced Kapha Dosha at Shuklamandala.

Triphala has kapha Pittaghna property which helps to decrease vessel congestion and reduces redness. Haritaki and Haridra both these drugs have Laghu Ruksha, Rasa Tikta Katu and Ushna Veerya.Due to this Laghu Ruksha Guna and Ushna Veerya both drug causes Chedana of vitiated Kapha Dosha. Haridra has an shothaghna and *Varnya* property.^[10] *Pippali* used as a *rasayana* used in kapha Strotorodha.^[8]

Vidanga has an krumighna property its katu and kashay rasa helps in Lekhan karma.^[11] So due to all this properties Trivushnadi Anjana play important role in Samprapti Vighatana of Pishtak.In above case study patient got complete relief from symptoms of Pishtak. Patient had got good result. Triyushnadi Anjana described in Shleshmabhishyanda pratishedham Adhyay in Uttartantra of Sushrut Samhita shows good result in Pishtak.

CONCLUSION

Trivushnadi Anjana Varti is effective in Pishtak as its marked relief over symptoms. The contents of drug are easily available. An attempt of study is to provide safe and effective treatment to the patient. The study concludes that Trivushnadi Anjana Varti is effective in management of Pishtak.



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